or less vellow in colour; the arrangement of nervures much the same; palpi thicker, antennæ much more slender. Type C. divisa.

CELERENA VULGARIS, n. sp.

Allied to C. perithea, of Cramer, from Amboina, but with the transverse golden-yellow band of primaries twice as wide, and the blackbrown border of secondaries only half as wide: expanse of wings 2 inches 4 lines.

This is evidently a very common species.

The above-named genus will include the following species:—C. lerne, Boisd.; C. divisa, Walker; C. andamana, Felder; C. commutata, Walker; C. mutata, Walker; C. perithea, Cramer; C. proxima, spreta, and connexa of Walker; and C. eucnemis of Felder.

5. Contributions to a General History of the Spongiada. By J. S. Bowerbank, LL.D., F.R.S., &c.—Part VIII.

[Received November S, 1876.]

## (Plates LXXVIII.-LXXXI.)

The Sponges described in the present contribution to a general history of the Spongiadæ are rare and very remarkable species. Three of them are, to the best of my knowledge, unique specimens; and the fourth, Chalina verticillata, elucidates in a singularly striking manner the structure and history of a diluvial fossil sponge enveloped in flint, which has for a long period been a mystery to palæontologists.

Desmacidon plumosa, sp. nov. (Plate LXXVIII.)

Sponge elongately fan-shaped, pedicellate; pedicle long and stout, smooth, fan-shaped, expansion prominently hispid on both planes. Oscula simple, dispersed, minute, and numerous. Pores inconspicuous. Dermal membrane aspiculous. Skeleton reticulated, rete irregular; primary fibres stout and solid, radiating irregularly from the discal end of the pedicle in the same plane; secondary fibres radiating from the primary ones at nearly right angles to the planes of the sponge, short, slender, and delicately plumous. Spicula subfusiform-acerate.

Colour, in the dried state, fawn-yellow. Hab. Sharks' Bay, Western Australia. Examined in the dried state.

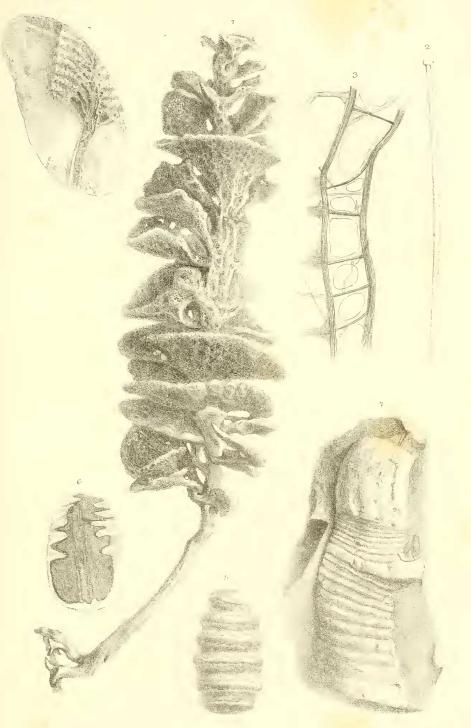
I obtained this singular and interesting sponge among many others from a dealer in specimens of natural history, who stated that it was from Sharks' Bay, Western Australia. It is 15 inches in height, and about 5 inches broad at near the middle of the fan-shaped expansion. No portion of the basal attachment remains; and the pedicle in its present state slightly exceeds 4 inches in length. It is slightly



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